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Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 02.07.2020 Revision: 30.06.2020

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier
- · Trade name: HADALAN EG145 13E, Komp. B
- · Article number: 40218B
- · UFI: 25F0-P0NS-S005-YJCC
- · 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

No further relevant information available.

· Application of the substance / the mixture

Rapid-hardening, two-component epoxy resin for priming mineral substrates with risk of moisture penetration from the back surface

- · 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- Manufacturer/Supplier:

Sievert Baustoffe GmbH & Co. KG

Mühleneschweg 6 D-49090 Osnabrück Tel.: +49 2363 5663-0

· Further information obtainable from:

Abteilung: Produktsicherheit Tel.. +49 2363 5663-0 info-hahne@sievert.de

· 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

Giftinformationszentrum Nord (GIZ Nord) Universität Göttingen,

Tel.: 0551-19240

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- · Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



GHS08 health hazard

Repr. 2 H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.



GHS05 corrosion

Skin Corr. 1A H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.



GHS09 environment

Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



Acute Tox. 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed. Acute Tox. 4 H332 Harmful if inhaled.

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Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. STOT SE 3 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

· 2.2 Label elements

· Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

· Hazard pictograms



· Signal word Danger

· Hazard-determining components of labelling:

Reaction product of para-formaldehyde with 4-tert-butylphenol and 1,3-phenylenedimethanamine

2-Propenenitrile, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine 3,3,5-trimethylhexamethylene-diamine

· Hazard statements

H302+H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H314

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H361

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H410

· Precautionary statements

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P261

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P280

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P333+P313

- · 2.3 Other hazards
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- · 3.2 Chemical characterisation: Mixtures
- · Description: Amine-containing curing agent for epoxy resin.

Dangerous components:		
EC number: 939-071-6	Reaction product of para-formaldehyde with 4-tert-butylphenol and 1,3-phenylenedimethanamine Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411; Skin Sens. 1, H317; STOT SE 3, H335; Lact., H362	25-50%
CAS: 90530-16-8	2-Propenenitrile, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine Skin Corr. 1C, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H312; Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Sens. 1, H317; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	25-50%
CAS: 25513-64-8	3,3,5-trimethylhexamethylene-diamine Skin Corr. 1A, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Sens. 1, H317; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	2.5-10%
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· Additional information:

For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

GISCODE: RE 1 (resin + hardener)

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- · General information:

Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical observation for at least 48 hours after the accident.

· After inhalation:

Supply fresh air and to be sure call for a doctor.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

- · After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.
- · After eve contact:

Rinse opened eve for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.

- · After swallowing: Drink plenty of water and provide fresh air. Call for a doctor immediately.
- 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed No further relevant information available.
- · 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- 5.1 Extinguishing media
- Suitable extinguishing agents: Foam (alcohol resistent), carbon dioxide, dry powder, water spray
- · For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water jet.
- 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture No further relevant information available.
- · 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment: Put on breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

· 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

· 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Do not allow product to reach sewage system or any water course.

Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.

Do not allow to enter sewers/surface or ground water.

· 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).

Use neutralizing agent.

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to section 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

· 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Only store in original containers.

· Information about fire - and explosion protection: No special measures required.

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- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: Store in original container.
- · Information about storage in one common storage facility: Store away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.
- · Further information about storage conditions:

Keep container tightly closed.

Protect from frost.
• Storage class: VCI: 8

· 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- · Additional information about design of technical facilities: No further data; see item 7.
- · 8.1 Control parameters

· Ingredients with limit values that r	equire monitoring at the workplace:			
98-54-4 4-tert-butylphenol (25-50%)				
	\overline{AGW}			
	0.5 mg/m3, 0.08 ml/m3			
	2(II); DFG, H			
90194-00-6 1,3-Benzendimethanar	nin, N-(2-Cyanoethyl)-Derivate (25-50%)			
ACGIH (USA) instantaneous value 0.1 mg/m³ SKIN				
1477-55-0 m-phenylenebis(methylo	amine) (10-25%)			
WEL	see Section IV			

- Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.
- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- · Personal protective equipment:
- · General protective and hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

· Respiratory protection:

Not required if good ventilation. In inadequately ventilated places and during spraying respiratory protection. A/P2 filter.

· Protection of hands:

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

· Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

Wear safety gloves made of nitrile rubber with a thickness < 0.4 mm (penetration time> 480 min - see also www.gisbau.de

· Penetration time of glove material

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

· Eye protection: Tightly sealed goggles

· **Body protection:** Protective clothing.

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9.1 Information on basic physical at	nd chemical properties	
General Information		
Appearance: Form:	Lianid	
rorm: Colour:	Liquid yellowish	
Odour:	yenowish aminic	
pH-value at 20 °C:	8.5 - 11	
Change in condition		
Melting point/freezing point:	Undetermined.	
Initial boiling point and boiling ra	<i>inge:</i> >200 °C	
Flash point:	140 °C	
Ignition temperature:	510 °C	
Auto-ignition temperature:	Product is not selfigniting.	
Explosive properties:	Product does not present an explosion hazard.	
Vapour pressure at 50 °C:	< 5 hPa	
Density at 20 °C:	1.06g/cm^3	
Solubility in / Miscibility with water:	Not miscible or difficult to mix.	
Viscosity: Dynamic at 20 °C:	500 mPas	
Solvent content:		
Organic solvents:	0 %	
9.2 Other information	No further relevant information available.	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- · 10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.
- · 10.2 Chemical stability
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.
- · 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reactions known.
- · 10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- · 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Keep away from strongly acidic and alkaline materials as well as oxidizing agents in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

• 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: At > 60 ° C elimination of acrylonitrile possible.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

· 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

As a product. Oral LD50 (single administration) has not been determined.

Based on information for component (s):

LD50, rat, 800 mg / kg (estimated)

Component information:

Reaction product of para-formaldehyde with 4-tert-butylphenol and 1,3-phenylenedimethanamine Oral LD50 (single administration) has not been determined.

2-Propenenitrile, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine

The value is based on a SAR / AAR approach using the OECD Toolbox, DEREK and VEGA QSA models (CAESAR models), etc. assigned.

LD50, 917 mg / kg (estimated)

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1,6-hexanediamine, 2,2,4 (or 2,4,4) trimethyl

LD50 Oral, Rat, Male, 910 mg/kg

· Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

- Primary irritant effect:
- · Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

· Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

· Respiratory or skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Acute effects (acute toxicity, irritation and corrosivity)

Repeated dose toxicity

Information on ingredients tested: In humans, effects have been observed on the following organs:

Liver. Skin. Thyroid. Spleen. In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Gastrointestinal tract.

Chronic Toxicity and Carcinogenicity

Information about the tested ingredients: dietary intake has caused enige tumors in the first part of the stomach.

developmental toxicity

Contains components which did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

reproductive toxicity

In animal studies, effects of components on reproduction were seen only at doses that were significantly toxic to the parent animals.

Genotoxicity

Contains components which in - vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative and positive in others in some.

Contains component (s) of (the) in in vitro studies on genotoxicity was negative (s).

Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Toxicity of the component - 4-tert- butylphenol

Inhalation LC50, 4h, Aerosol, Rat, male and female > 5,600 mg/m³

Component Toxicology - 1.3 - Benzendimethanamin

Inhalation LC50, 4h, rat, male > 1.42 mg/l

Inhalation LC50, 4h, rat, female 0.8 mg/l

- · CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)
- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

- · STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxicity

Reaction product of para-formaldehyde with 4-tert-butylphenol and 1,3-phenylenedimethanamine Acute fish toxicity

This substance is toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50 / EC50 / IC50 between 1 and 10 mg / l for the most sensitive species).

LL50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), static test, 96 h, 7.9 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EL50, Daphnia magna (large water flea), static test, 48 h, 8.98 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 Acute toxicity to algae / aquatic plants

EL50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), static test, 72 h, growth rate, 4.94 mg / l, OECD test guideline

201

Toxicity to bacteria

EC50, activated sludge, 3 h, 66 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 209

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 $\hbox{\it 2-Propenentiale, reaction products with 1,3-benzene dimethan a mine}$

Acute fish toxicity

The product is practically non-toxic for fish on an acute basis (LC50> 100 mg / L).

The value is based on a SAR / AAR approach using the OECD Toolbox, DEREK and VEGA

QSA models (CAESAR models), etc. assigned.

LC50, Pimephales promelas (fat-headed minnow), 1 480 mg/l

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

The product is slightly toxic to aquatic invertebrates on a static acute basis (10 mg/l <EC50/

LC50 < 100 mg / l).

The value is based on a SAR / AAR approach using the OECD Toolbox, DEREK and VEGA

QSA models (CAESAR models), etc. assigned.

EC50, Daphnia magna (large water flea), 48 h, 88.2 mg/l

1,6-hexanediamine, 2,2,4 (or 2,4,4) trimethyl

Acute fish toxicity

The product is practically non-toxic for fish on an acute basis (LC50> 100 mg / L).

LC50, carp (Leuciscus idus melanotus), static test, 72 h, 174 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae / aquatic plants

EC50, algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), static test, 72 h, biomass, 29.5 mg/l

Chronic fish toxicity

NOEC, Danio rerio (zebrafish), flow test, 30 d, mortality,> 10 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

NOEC, Daphnia magna (large water flea), semi-static test, 21 d, mortality, 1.02 mg/l

· Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.

· 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data for part of 1,3- Benzendimethanamin, N- (2- cyanoethyl) - derivatives.

No relevant data found.

Data for part of 4- tert-butylphenol

Material is readily biodegradable according to OECD test (s) for ready biodegradability.

OECD Biodegradation Tests:

Biodegradation Exposure Time Method 10 -day window

60 % 28 d OECD 301F test failed

98 % 28 d OECD 301A test successfully

Data for Component: 1,3 - Benzendimethanamin

Material is inherently biodegradable. Achievements in OECD test (s) for potential ioabbaubarkeit > 20%.

Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material can not be considered as readily biodegradable;

however, the test results do not necessarily mean that the material

under environmental conditions is not biodegradable.

OECD Biodegradation Tests:

Biodegradation Exposure Time Method 10 -day window

49 % 28 d OECD 301B test failed

22 % 28 d OECD 302C Test Not applicable

Data for Component: trimethyl -1,6-diamine

Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material can not be considered as readily biodegradable;

however, the test results do not necessarily mean that the material under

 $\label{lem:environmental} \textit{Environmental conditions is not degradable}.$

OECD Biodegradation Tests:

Biodegradation Exposure Time Method 10 -day window

37 % 21 d OECD 301E Test not passed

13 % 28 d OECD test 302B Not applicable

2.2% 3 d OECD 303A Test Not applicable

· 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data for part of 1,3- Benzendimethanamin, N- (2- cyanoethyl) - derivatives.

Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

Data for part of 4- tert-butylphenol

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is moderate. (BCF between 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Pow): 3.29 OECD test 107 (shake-flask)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 48-88; carp (Cyprinus carpio) measured 120; ide (Leuciscus idus), measured

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Data for Component: 1,3 - Benzendimethanamin

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow <3). Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Pow): 0.18 OECD test 107 (shake-flask)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 3; carp (Cyprinus carpio), measured

Data for Component: trimethyl -1,6-diamine

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Pow): 0.77 measured

· 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data for part of 1,3- Benzendimethanamin, N- (2- cyanoethyl) - derivatives.

Mobility in soil: No relevant data found.

Data for part of 4- tert-butylphenol

Mobility in soil: Potential for mobility in soil is low (Koc between 500 - 2000).

Soil organic carbon / water (Koc): 582 (estimated)

Henry's law constant (H): 1.19 E -06 atm * m^3 / mol; Measured 25 ° C

Data for Component: 1,3 - Benzendimethanamin

Mobility in soil: Potential for mobility in soil is low (Koc between 500 - 2000), due to the very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is very low and is not expected to be an important fate.. Soil organic carbon / water (Koc): 910 (estimated)

Henry's Law constant (h): 6,94 E-11 * m³ atm / mol; 25 ° C (estimated)

Data for Component: trimethyl -1,6-diamine

Mobility in soil: Potential for mobility in soil is low (Koc between 500 - 2000), due to the very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is very low and is not expected to be an important fate..

Soil organic carbon / water (Koc): 1200 (estimated)

Henry's law constant (H): 3.12 E-09 atm * m^3 / mol; 25 ° C Estimated on the basis of the vapor pressure and water solubility

- · Ecotoxical effects:
- · Remark: Harmful to fish
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

Harmful to aquatic organisms

Water hazard class 2 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): hazardous for water

Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground.

· 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data for part of 1,3-Benzendimethanamin, N-(2-cyanoethyl)-derivatives.

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Data for part of 4-tert-butylphenol

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT).

This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Data for Component: 1,3-Benzendimethanamin

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Data for Component: trimethyl-1,6-diamine

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

- · **PBT:** Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.

· 12.6 Other adverse effects

Data for part of 1,3-Benzendimethanamin, N-(2-cyanoethyl)-derivatives.

No data available.

Data for part of 4-tert-butylphenol

This substance is not included in Annex I to Regulation (EC) 2037/2000 on substances that deplete the ozone layer

Data for Component: 1,3-Benzendimethanamin

This substance is not included in Annex I to Regulation (EC) 2037/2000 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Data for Component: trimethyl-1,6-diamine

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

· European waste catalogue

08 01 11* waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

- · Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

14.1 UN-Number ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN2735
14.2 UN proper shipping name	
ADR	2735 AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (
	Propenenitril, Reaktionsprodukte mit 1,
	Benzoldimethanamin, Reaktionsprodukt von Par
	Formaldehyd mit 4-tertButylphenol und 1, Phenylendimethanamin), ENVIRONMENTALI
	HAZARDOUS
IMDG	AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (2-Propenenity
	Reaktionsprodukte mit 1,3-Benzoldimethanami
	Reaktionsprodukt von Para-Formaldehyd mit 4-ter
	Butylphenol und 1,3- Phenylendimethanamin), MARIN
IATA	POLLUTANT AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (2-Propenenity
IAIA	Reaktionsprodukte mit 1,3-Benzoldimethanami
	Reaktionsprodukt von Para-Formaldehyd mit 4-ter
	Butylphenol und 1,3- Phenylendimethanamin)
•	
•	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) ADR, IMDG Class	8 Corrosive substances.
ADR, IMDG Class	8 Corrosive substances. 8
ADR, IMDG Class Label	
ADR, IMDG	
ADR, IMDG Class Label	
ADR, IMDG Class Label	
ADR, IMDG Class Label IATA Class	8
ADR, IMDG Class Label IATA Class Label 14.4 Packing group	8 Corrosive substances. 8
ADR, IMDG Class Label IATA Class Label 14.4 Packing group	8 8 Corrosive substances.
ADR, IMDG Class Label IATA Class Label	8 Corrosive substances. 8
ADR, IMDG Class Label IATA Class Label 14.4 Packing group ADR, IMDG, IATA	8 Corrosive substances. 8

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14.6 Special precautions for user	Warning: Corrosive substances.
Hazard identification number (Kemler code):	80
EMS Number:	F- A , S - B
Segregation groups	Alkalis
Stowage Category	A
Segregation Code	SG35 Stow "separated from" SGG1-acids
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of	of .
Marpol and the IBC Code	Not applicable.
Transport/Additional information:	
ADR	
Limited quantities (LQ)	5L
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E1
	Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml
	Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 1000 ml
Transport category	3
Tunnel restriction code	E
IMDG	
Limited quantities (LQ)	5L
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E1
	Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml
	Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 1000 ml
UN "Model Regulation":	UN 2735 AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (2
<u> </u>	PROPENENITRIL, REAKTIONSPRODUKTE MIT 1,3
	BENZOLDIMETHANAMIN, REAKTIONSPRODUKT VO
	PARA-FORMALDEHYD MIT 4-TERTBUTYLPHENO
	UND 1,3- PHENYLENDIMETHANAMIN), 8, II.
	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

- 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 3
- · National regulations:
- · Waterhazard class: Water hazard class 2 (Self-assessment): hazardous for water.
- · Other regulations, limitations and prohibitive regulations

For activities involving exposure to uncured epoxy resins and contact on the skin or respiratory are causing regular preventive medical examinations.

This product is subject to the Directive 2004/42/EC.

EU limit value of this product is in ready to use condition: 500 g/l (2010). The product contains: 1 g/l VOC.

· 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· Relevant phrases

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

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H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organisation" (ICAO)

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity - oral - Category 4

Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 1A

Skin Corr. 1B: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 1B

Skin Corr. 1C: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1C

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 1

Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation - Category 1

Lact.: Reproductive toxicity – effects on or via lactation

Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3

Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard - Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard - Category 2

Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard - Category 3